The Voynich-Manuscript

http://www.voynich.com/folios/

by Erhard Landmann

On December 17th 2005 the "Frankfurter Allgemeinen Zeitung" and some other newspapers published an article about the so called Voynich-Manuscript. Although I'm studying linguistics since 40 years and hieroglyphs since almost 30 years, it was the first time I heard anything about the Voynich-Manuscript. And since the article was written by a clueless author in a sloppy and arrogant way (title: Finally an effective remedy for migraine) and I had other more important research to do, I thought that manuscript didn't seem to be very interesting and so I forgot about it. A couple days later I received a Christmas card from a gentleman in Baden-Württemberg who I didn't know until then. He just recently bought my book and was very inspired by it. Attached to the card was a copy of one of the pages from the Voynich-Manuscript which was published by a different newspaper so I decided to take a closer look at the Voynich-Manuscript for the next couple of weeks. It's supposed to be written in an unknown language in unknown letters.

Most people own a dictionary to look up the spelling of a word. A man called Duden was the first who defined a fixed and general orthography. Everyone who is studying old scriptures knows that there was no consistent spelling before. So in the same text the word "aufsteigen" [ascent] could have been written like "ufstic, uff stig, uf ctic, ufsteic, upstic, ufstich" and many more. Like you can see there also were no consistent word boundaries. That is very important to remember. There were no word boundaries! Something that our supposed linguists and archaeologists without linguistic background but wannabe and hobby deciphers of scriptures often forget. Since letters of a previous word could belong to a following word and vice versa, a comprehensive reading beyond the spacing of words is very important not only for the Voynich-Manuscript but also for old Mayan scriptures, Aztec scriptures, Latin scriptures and so on.

I read those texts that way since 20 years and always get old-German scriptures or rather, scriptures in the "E li diutic spraha", in the elidiutish language, the language of the god E li. A Monsee fragment already tells us that this language, which is best preserved in the old-German, Mayan and Aztec language, in old Easter Island language, Maori language and some other "exotic" languages, is the language of the universe and not only the mother of all earth languages.

The internet is full with articles about the Voynich-Manuscript (VMS). Everyone is present there, scientists, pseudo scientists, cryptologists, religious nuts and of course a lot of esoterics and sceptics for the sake of scepticism. Sceptics for the sake of scepticism are the stupidest thing that there is in humanity. They are people who try to deny or discuss away existing things and phenomenon with all means necessary and no argument is too idiotic or insane.

Those sceptics declare the VMS right from the start as a joke, a scam, a hoax. Right next to them the uncritical copyist commonly present in linguistic and humanities. Someone is allocating the VMS to Roger Bacon without any reason and till today the majority of writers are believing it although Currier found out that 7 or 8 writers were at work there. I'm not sure if it was that many but there was more than one for sure.

All kind of languages were assumed even those who never existed, from Mongolic to Nabataea. They believe (through a wrong letter assignment) to read the word "oladabas." Then they put to the level of the word "olazabel" and deem the VMS to be catalane. "Olazabel" is Basque. When they found out that "olazabal" is Basque they guessed its Occitan or Provencal. But the most people believe in an encrypted text. Because Newbold mixed up the syllable "an" with the syllable "mi" and thought to read "michiton oladabas multos te tccr cerc portas" (read absolutely wrong) and formed it to the supposed Latin phrase "michi dabas multas portas" which means "you gave me many gates", they believe with no doubt that this hints to a encryption. All kinds of computer programs, mathematical and statistic analysis, Zipf's law and all kinds of cryptological methods from intelligence serviced

came into play. But what good is the best method, the largest computer, the most sophisticated program if you use rubbish data. At the beginning of the computer age when I taught at a computer manufacturing company in the 70s they already knew "garbage in, garbage out." Try to find an Easter egg that no one has hidden. Decrypt something no one has encrypted. Reading of a text is a linguistic problem so you need linguistic resources to look for linguistic solutions and get linguistic answers. When I read that even the National Security Agency (NSA), the mighty "Big Brother", tried to decipher the VMS and failed even with their enormous technical and financial resources at this relatively simple task, it eased my mind. Even those people aren't almighty! Not even intelligent!

After reading a dozen of those mostly absurd articles in 7 or 8 languages, to get a worldwide overview, I finally found one who had a link to the actual manuscript. After I made copies and took a look at them I almost had to laugh. The "unknown writing" in an "unknown language" was completely normal Latin writings with some old-German letters. So the letter "h" in connection with "th" is always written in Latin, alone or as "ch" always in old-German. The text was hastily written in a sloppy and squiggled way so I have to admit its very hard to read. It is also laced with many ligations. Ligations are combinations of letters or aggregations like in stenography. Most of the English articles talk about "gallows." Luckily 95% of those ligations are always the same two, the letters "qot" and "pot", "Gott" [god] and "Bote" [messenger] (old-German "poto, boto, podo and bodo"). But they don't mean always those two words. Depending on the previous and following letters only the letter connection "q", "o", "t" and "p", "o" and "t" whereas those letters could belong to different words. The VMS must be read continuously. Many "Voynich-Alphabets" were established but most only had 4, 6 or 8 letters correctly assigned. The first letter that caught my attention was one I already knew from old Mayan scriptures like the "Annals of Cakquiquel." The letter looks similar to the number 4 and is representing the "g, k, q-sound." The "Voynich-Statisticians" found out that this letter appears 1296 times on only a few pages, mostly as the first letter of a word. What is the linguistic answer to that? They were also wondering why the same word appeared two, three and even four times in a row. What is the linguistic answer to that? Although they allocate the VMS to the Englishman Bacon they are wondering why there are only a few words with one or two letters which are so common in the English language: I, a, at, am, be, of, it, me, my, to and so on. When do you have the same words in a row? For example if there is punctuation between them. If the previous sentence ends with the same word the next sentence starts. Here some examples: "Hildegard likes horses. Horses are wonderful animals." Or: "Hildegard likes horses, Horses, Horses are really wonderful animals." Or: "Finally they found water. "Water, water, water" he shouted "water, we are saved!"

Since the VMS has no punctuation marks like most old scriptures a word can appear several times in a row. How can the high occurrence for the initial letters g, q, and k be explained? I said before that old texts had no defined orthography which was later introduced by Mr. Duden. The writers of the VMS tried something similar. Not in the way as Mr. Duden that each word has only one spelling, they still wrote words like "gah ", "gaho "= "fast "in the forms "Gah, gach, gaho, gacho, cah, caho, cach, chach" etc. or the word "quick" as "quich, quic, chich, cic, cich, chic "etc. However they introduced a fixed form for the first letter. All words begin with either a vowel (a, e, i, o, u) or with the "g, k, q"-phoneme which also contains the letter "c" and "ch". (It is to be noted here that the letter "c" was also used as the "s" or "z" phoneme in old-German. So if "c" stands before "t" it is the phoneme connection "st".)

So we thus have only words that start with a, e, i, o, u, gh (the actual "k"-phoneme), g, c or ch in the VMS. The "ch"-phoneme is in the old-German form and looks like the number 8. Exceptions are only the ligatures and the letter combination "th" when it stands at the beginning of a section or a line. Newbold is also wrong when he reads the word "michiton." No word in the VMS starts with an "m." The exceptions are the names of months which are noted on some pages. The last page of the VMS is an exception itself. This page is clearly written by a different writer who wrote only this one page in the whole manuscript. You don't need to be an expert in handwriting to realize that. The writer used a different style of letters which aren't present in the rest of the VMS. The so-called long "s" in old-German, the "g" in a form not found anywhere else in the manuscript and the "k"-phoneme instead as "gh" only as "q." The "h" appears in a special form, the "f" as "p" with a slash in the bottom part just like in Cyrillic alphabets and the "b" in "bach" (back) instead of "p" which usually replaces all "b"s

throughout the VMS. So you separate every word in a way that it starts with the mentioned letters. The following created sentence indicates how the VMS should be read: "Ohne Wort ging er fort an den Orte dort im Norden." [Without a word he left for the place there in the north.] In the VMS you would find the sentence in a way like this: "Ohn ew ort gin gerf ort and en ort ed ort imn ort en." [ith out aw orth eleftf orth eblac eth ere inth en orth.] There are 5 or 6 locations in the VMS where apparently this rule was broken but it seems to be because of the hasty and sloppy way of writing, which caused a larger gap in a word.

Before I come to contents of the VMS I must clarify something. The Internet is full with reports of rightwing esoterics and ideologists about flying saucers built by the National Socialists and their contacts to extraterrestrials from the star system Aldebaran. That is causing leftwing counter ideologies who then call everyone a "rightwing esoteric" and "Neonazi" that only mentions extraterrestrials. I never dealt with any of those reports. Since the contents of the VMS (and many old texts from Mayans, Aztecs, Maoris, Easter islanders and old Latin texts) force me to talk about the origins of the ancestors of mankind, about extraterrestrials and about Aldebaran it may cause coincidental overlaps and misunderstandings. The author of this article comes from a family that stood against the brown socialists and afterwards against the red socialists. The author lost his father to the Nazis and had to flee with his family from the communists of the east zone. He is therefore an opponent of every ideology. The author is an independent linguist and only obligated to the truth and his own research results and therefore against all esoteric. The author will consider every accusation of being connected to leftwing, rightwing or religious ideologies or esoteric as a malicious and intentional slander and will take legal measures against it if necessary.

The first surprise was that the many plant illustrations (56 double pages) and the "pharmaceutical" containers in the illustrations of other pages don't have anything to do with the text of the VMS. Since I know from other old texts that illustrations often contain writing, I noticed immediately that the writings in the illustrations of the plants were blackened, erased, and inked over by the writers of the VMS or by others later on. The possible reason: The VMS was written by several writers in a hurry and possibly in fear of discovery. Since they were in a hurry (or because of money reasons) they had no empty paper at hand so they used pages of a different book or several other books and erased the writing on the illustrations. In some areas you can still see the old letters. But also the authors of the VMS used writing in their illustrations. The hair-styles of the women consist of writing, which however is in most cases no longer readable. Only on page f80v, the top woman, you can clearly read "Urana" (the "Urahnin" [ancestress]) or "Uranu" (to read it hold the page upside down). On page f73v you can still see "wib" (the "Weib" [woman]) on the figure at the 12-o'clock position, outer circle, left woman, and "...wib" ("Weib" with the previous letters not readable) on the woman illustration at the 3-o'clock-position. The authors of the VMS probably used optical devices which allowed an enormous miniaturization of the writing. So the countless stars drawn throughout the VMS consist of writing so small that it won't be readable even with a magnifying glass. Each star contains in itself (drawn with 6, 7, 8, 9 tips or round tips) text and its name. Thank god there are 2 Names still readable. I will come to that later. Unfortunately I only have bad black-and-white copies and possess no modern optical tools. But there is hope that other people will be able to use the best optical tools that we have today to read the names in the star drawings and read the writing in the hairs of the women. The VMS contains pages with illustrations of women holding stars in their hands. Those pages have each the name of one of our months written on them. They tells us that the month July and the Julian calendar were named after Julius Caesar, August after emperor Augustus and September, October, November, Decembers after the Latin numbers for 7, 8, 9 and 10. Because once the year began in March and so September is the 7th and December the 10th month. I knew that the Julian calendar had nothing to do with Caesar but is named after "the ancestors (of mankind) from Jul." In the Maya text "Chilam Balam de Chumayel" the Jul is mentioned as a position in space ("181. yuul at S. Dik 92 n hele), with the Dutch-Low German word "hele", "helal" for "All", "Weltall" [space, universe]. In the northern countries Christmas is still called the "Julfest." But no one knows anymore that it is the celebration of the arrival of the "ancestors from Jul". Now back to the months. There are many hints that the year didn't start in March but in April. The "sending into April" was once a "sending into the new year." Therefore September wouldn't be the 7th month but the 6th, December not the 10th but the 9th month. In addition, if the months were named after Latin numbers then they would have been called only septem, octo,

novem, decem or septem mensis, the 7th or the 7th month. By the way in the VMS October is called "octembre". So where is the "ber" coming from? In the alleged Latin language there is no word "ber." After a short search for the old names of the months it turns out that the names were once written divided: "sept em ber, oct em ber (even the form "oct im ber" is delivered in medieval and central "Latin" texts), nov em ber, dec em ber" and even February was "fe ber, phe ber" and "phe ber wah", "phe ber uari". In some dictionaries like in Hungarian, February is still called "Feber." In short, our months are named after Planets in Ursa Major [Großer Bär = large bear], "ber" in old-German. That's why on the last page of the VMS you read: "por ea ber Ramen fut zi, fer qan chito, no ea bach qum, E coch q (ui)c tet, tar te veg por cach g (i) ng. (The following words are not readable on my copy) - vix gah cag mat [-] iag or or cticy ra E cheh ub ren fon im gasmic ho." That means in modern German: "Hoch zur Galaxie Bär strebte die Fut (arche), der Fährkahn (ge) tut nun zurück in die Galaxie kommen, quick tat der (Gott) E ziehen, da den Weg in die Höhe ging er schnell. [... - ...] zum (Sternbild) Fisch, schnell jagte der mächtige Sachse(ngott E) ins Ur, ins Ur steigt der Strahl des (Gottes) E, schnell rennt er auf, von ihm hoch geschmissen." [High to the bear galaxy the Fut (ark) is striving, the ferry barge is going back to the galaxy. (God) E is moving quick, fast he went along the path to the high. [... - ...] to (the constellation) Pisces, fast the mighty saxon (god E) is chasing into Ur, into Ur the ray of (god) E ascends, fast it runs above, thrown upward by him.]

In order to understand this text, some words need to be explained because the old-German vocabulary that has been passed on is very limited. Who knows that "ea" means "galaxy". The "via lact ea" which is translated as "Milky Way" is literally "Way of the milk galaxy". "E" or "E li", often just "li" in the VMS, is the Saxon God "E li" or "E loh im" (the God "E in the blaze") in the Christian Bible. "Yahwe" by any means isn't "God" but the old-German "Ah weh", "oh weh" [oh woe]. "Ra" is the "ray" (beside the old-German "strala"). Because the extraterrestials and thus our ancestors travel and travelled via rays and not with something like our primitive rocket technology, which devours enormous sums and cause one accident after the other. In the Christian Bible Vulgata and countless "Latin" texts you read "he bra ea" meaning "the ray is lifting [ger: heben] (the spaceship) into the galaxy." This "he bra ea" is by no means a people called "Hebraer" [Hebrews] that never existed. "Israhel" is "the ray from Hel" (space) and is under no circumstances a historical state and "Israeli" is the ray of (God) E li." If there is right now when I'm writing this a war because of a state of Israel, which never existed in old history, then you realize the enormous and dangerous consequences caused by incompetent science and powerful pseudo religions. Pseudo religions that can't even translate and read their own holy scriptures and don't even want to. The galaxy of Ursa Major [ger: Großer Bär – large bear] is called in old texts "borealis", which is being translated as "north" but what "bor ea lis" really means it "the high galaxy of (God) E li", the place where the Saxon God E li resides, the god of the Angels and Saxon. The Saxon and Angels were made into "angels". In the Hungarian language "human" or "man" are called to this day "ember", "in bear" (at home) and in the Spanish language human is "hombre", the "Hom", the home, "in the bear." They mean of course the galaxy of the large bear. The actual homeland of the first wave of mankinds ancestors is the Ur. In the VMS and other old scriptures it's called "or" or sometimes mentioned in both forms "ur" and "or". The Ur covers the area of today's constellations Taurus, Aries, Triangulum and Pisces. Taurus is containing "ur". Taurus is not bull but is the old-German sentence "ta ur us", "da aus dem Ur" [there from Ur"]. In the German language today there is still the word "Ursprung" [origin, lit. Ur-leap]. The "leap from Ur" to earth was in the true sense of the word "Ursprung" and it is illustrated in the VMS. On page f68r3 of the VMS are Pleiades and the star Aldebaran. From the Pleiades a winding connection line (composed of no longer readable tiny writing) leads to our solar system represented as sun with a face. Written at this connecting line in larger letters is: "ot ea coe" = "to galaxy ot." Easter islanders and Maori call Pleiades the homeland of their ancestors. They talk about "Mata riki", the "mächtige Reich" [powerful/mighty realm], the "mächtiger Herrscher" [powerful/mighty ruler] ("rihhi, rickhi, rike" in old-German means both "Reich" and "Herrscher"). In addition the Maori talk, believe it or not, about "A ot ea roa" as homeland of the ancestors as well as the homeland where they live now. In addition they say: "These stars (the Pleiades) stand at the beginning of everything that constitutes us Maori. All our stories originate from this sky." The galaxy "ot, od, odd, odi, oti or oth" (in the VMS nearly always oth or ot) must be explained in more detail. We Germans have the word "Kleinod", something valuable, an irreplaceable value. The old-German language has "othil" (the "holy ot"), which means "homeland" and "wealth". In addition the word "Heimat" [homeland] itself contains in its old form the syllable for the name of the galaxy ot: "heimoti, heimuoti, heimuot, heimuote". Right wing esoteriks turned "othil" into a rune. Who has seen my slide show presentation for my book knows that runes never existed. Runes are the space between "Latin" letters, which were carved in stone or wood. In "Latin" texts you read "clen odi um" and "all odi um" or rather "all od io." "God Odin" and "God oddin" is no Germanic or Nordic god but instead means: the "God (is) in (the galaxy) Od, Odd or Oth." That is also expressed in the alleged name "Theoderich", which means "the od E rich", the galaxy "od is the realm of God E li."

At the illustration of the star Aldebaran in the VMS you can clearly see the letters "AN". Also you can see a "M" and "i." So "Mani" is written there, the name of the ancestor of mankind. It's being said that there are two places in the Christian Bible (in Isaiah and Mathew), which announce the alleged coming of Jesus. But there it is written: "E Manu hel", the God "Manu from Hel" (from the universe). I mentioned before that Christmas in the north is called Julfest, the celebration of the arrival of the ancestors from Jul, the ancestor Mani from Hel. About the name Aldebaran: "beran" means "gebären, erzeugen hervorbringen" [to bear, to create, to bring about], "alde" means "old" but also "high". Aldebaran also means: "where the elders, the ancestors were born" or the "Hochwohlgeborenen" [the high-born]. It also could be read as "al" and "de", "al" = "Weltall" [universe] and "de" = "von da" [from there], then it would mean: "born there in the universe". But both versions say that the ancestors came from there. The alleged Arab names (Arabic was only a good old-German, see my book "Weltbilderschütterung" [Shattering Worldviews]) are supposed to be "Addabaran" and "Hadl al hajm", meaning the "Allheim", the "Heim im All" [home in space] (for all who still have doubts). On page f107v there is still the name readable, the 12th from above. There you see "Hamal." "Hamal, hamul" is in the old-German language "Hammel" [mutton] (therefore the constellation Aries, which belonged to the Ur). But "hamal" also can mean "ham im all, heim im all" [home in space]. The Basques speak in old texts about the "hamalau." "Au, Aue, owi, awa, awi" is not only a water meadow [Flussaue] but can also mean "island". The Basques translate today "hamalau" as the number "fourteen" but they are just victims of the language confusion like nearly all other peoples. "Hamalau" is the (inhabited) "island in space" from where the ancestors came. The Hungarian language marks the end of it. There "odavalo" and "odavaloan" means "to belong." Humans thus belonged in the "od au im all" [island od in space] or the "Ahn ist in die od au im al" hingehörig [the ancestor to the island od in space belongs]. But that's not enough, "odavan" means "absent, away" the "ancestor is (today) away from the island od in space". And finally there is the word "odanyul" the "od ancestor from yul" which today is translated as "to reach, to long."

The Biblical book "Samuhel" isn't about a book from a prophet but it is about the "Samen aus dem Hel" [seed from hel", the seed of mankind from the universe and the alleged progenitor of the Semites, "Sem", is only another name for seed. There simply were no Semites.

On page f80v of the VMS there is a woman shown on the top of the page with a strange object in her hand with tiny writing on the tip. In the hair of the woman (if you hold the page upside down) you can read "Urana" or "Uranu." So we have besides the ancestor Mani (page f68r3) also the ancestress, the grand ancestress, the "Mariana", as called in the old-German language. The Catholic Church turned "Mariana" into the Virgin Mary [ger: Maria]. In "Latin" texts she is only called "di ana". From that they made up the goddess of the hunt. The Frisians call her "Urmutter Freya" [grand ancestress Freya] and the Maya speak of "sac quib", of the "Sachsenweib" [Saxon woman]. On page f82r on the bottom left there is the same woman (with a different word in the hair; unfortunately not readable). She is pointing to the right. Right beside the word "othil" is written, the holy galaxy ot. On the same page there are two stars connected with a line and a space vessel with something streaming out of it. On the spacecraft "Uruekan" is written, the "Urkahn [Kahn = boat, barge] of (god) E". The word "Urkan", "Hurakan" occurs in old scriptures from Tibet to the Mayans. In the Spanish language "hurakan" means to this day "Orkan" - storm wind [hurricane]. It is originating back to the "Urkahn", the spaceship of the Saxon God E li. So we reached the part with the names for spacecrafts in the VMS and other old texts. I already mentioned the Fut (ark) above, also called "future", the Fut from Ur. Out of "Futharch" some right wing esoterics made again a rune. In Argentina in the province Chubut, there is a city called "Futalaufquen", a lake "Futulaufquen", then another city, lake and river, all three called "Futaleufu" and then another lake called "Huichulafquen." Here in geographical names of places they

tell in perfect old-German language: the "Fut is rising up into space" or the "Fut of (god) E (goes) ufu (up)" and the "way up into the universe". The original people who lived there (today eradicated I believe) called itself "Alacalufe" (in old-German "u" = "au"), thus the "ins All Gelaufenen" [those who went into space] or "Aus dem All Gelaufenen" [those who came from space], because their ancestors went into and came from space.

Page f83v of the VMS shows a strange illustration. Two pumpkin like things where something pours out. Beside each is a woman floating in a container that looks like a outlet tube from which "exhaust" is flowing. On the left "exhaust pipe" you vaguely see some letters. Even the biggest fantast and nutcase, who sees this picture, probably won't entertain the idea that this would have something to do with spacecrafts. I wouldn't either if there wasn't the text beside it and had not studied the etymology of the word "vet, veth, pet, fet, phet, phed, prophet." The word "phet, phed, phedem" means in old-German "pumpkin, melon, cucumber." If you read serious reports of people who saw UFO's you will read again and again that they are described to look like melons, like footballs [as in American football]. In old texts "prophet" is coming from "frophet" ("fro" = "God, Lord", see "Fronleichnam" [Corpus Christi]), the "Phet of God, the Lord." A prophet is thus a pumpkin shaped spacecraft. So there never were any prophets as fortune-tellers and religious heralds so we can forget all the fraud about any prophecies. Even the Muslims translate prophet as "ras sul" (the spacecraft "soll rasen" [shall race]).

In a book dealing with the completely false translation of the Quran and the Bible, which I am planning (if a publisher for it can be found and I'm not getting killed before), I will explain it in greater detail.

Let's go back to the word "Ra" in the VMS and other texts. Why is Easter Island called "Ra pan ui"? "Ui" pronounced "weih" [why or vy] means "holy". "Pan" is the "Bahn" [course, path]. So Easter Island is called the "holy path of the ray" (from the universe), on which the ancestors travelled. Recently there was a legal battle between the author of "The Da Vinci Code" and two other authors about a supposed idea theft regarding the Holy Grail. A poor judge had to adjudge or deprive millions of Dollars about something that never existed. That is typical for our misled society. When I investigated the etymology of the word "Gral" [grail] I found the solution of all things in connection with "The Da Vinci Code": "Sangraal" – "ra sang from the universe." There never was a Holy Grail. A sick invention of the Middle Ages.

The ancestors of mankind (and its enemies, who oppress this mankind for 1000 years, who once invented slavery, serfdom and tax extortion, that left wing politicians still love so much today) came from space and brought most animals too. Today Creationists are arguing with Darwinists about the origin of man. Here is pseudo religious nonsense fighting against pseudoscientific nonsense. Defenders of a "creation" that is not written in the religious books against defenders of an "evolution" that not happened on earth. We know nothing! Maybe there was an evolution somewhere in the universe, totally different than Darwin's teachings, maybe there was a creation somewhere in the universe, totally different that those pseudo sects are telling us, who don't even know where the word religion is coming from but call themselves the big religions. Inventors of a completely false concept of god, whose "God" is mindless symbolism and mindless rites and rituals. Mankind will not survive if we continue to graft completely malfunctioning linguistic science and human discipline over our exact physical science, if we continue calling the idiocy of Darwin, Marx and Freud science, if we let pseudo religions who can't even read a single word in their holy books correctly (and don't even want to since it would mean their end) fight countless wars with each other and let them have a say in politics and culture like they are privileged, if politicians keep grovelling before religious "dignitaries." Mankind will not survive or will suffer another 1000 years in bondage.